

Inchoative/Causative Verb Alternations re-revisited

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Work in Progress (17 April 2007)

Taking a radical relativistic comparative approach

- Important: comparing like with like
- Difficult: what counts as ‘alike’ across languages?
- Today: how much can be done without any equation across languages?

Inchoative - causative verb pairs

- Causative
“*The girl broke the stick.*”
- Passive of Causative
“*The stick was broken (by the girl).*”
- Inchoative
“*The stick broke.*”

Some non-identical verb pairs in English

- ▶ *die - kill*
- ▶ *learn - teach*
- ▶ *rise - raise*
- ▶ *get lost - lose*
- ▶ *go out - put out*

Strategies for encoding inchoative-causative relation

- Different roots: **Suppletive** strategy (e.g. *die - kill*)
- Same roots:
 - ▶ No differentiation: **Labile** strategy (e.g. *break*)
 - ▶ With differentiation (functional typology):
 - ◆ Causative derived from Inchoative:
Causative strategy (e.g. German *enden - beenden*)
 - ◆ Inchoative derived from Causative:
Anticausative strategy (e.g. *be destroyed - destroy*)
 - ◆ No (synchronic) primacy for one or the other:
Equipollent strategy (e.g. German *versinken - versenken*)

Strategies for encoding inchoative-causative relation

- Different roots: **Suppletive** strategy (e.g. die - kill)
- Same roots:
 - ▶ No differentiation: **Labile** strategy (e.g. break)
 - ▶ With differentiation (formal typology):
 - ◆ Independent words used to mark relation:
Isolating strategy (e.g. German *sich öffnen* - *öffnen*)
 - ◆ Linear morphology used to mark relation:
Concatenative strategy (e.g. German *enden* - *beenden*)
 - ◆ Nonlinear morphology used to mark relation:
Nonlinear strategy (e.g. German *versinken* - *versenken*)

	Anticausative	Equipollent	Causative
Isolating	67 (+30)	15 (-5)	3 (-25)
Concatenative	154 (-23)	86 (-8)	164 (+31)
Nonlinear	19 (-7)	26 (+13)	14 (-6)

Table 4. Expression types by verb pairs

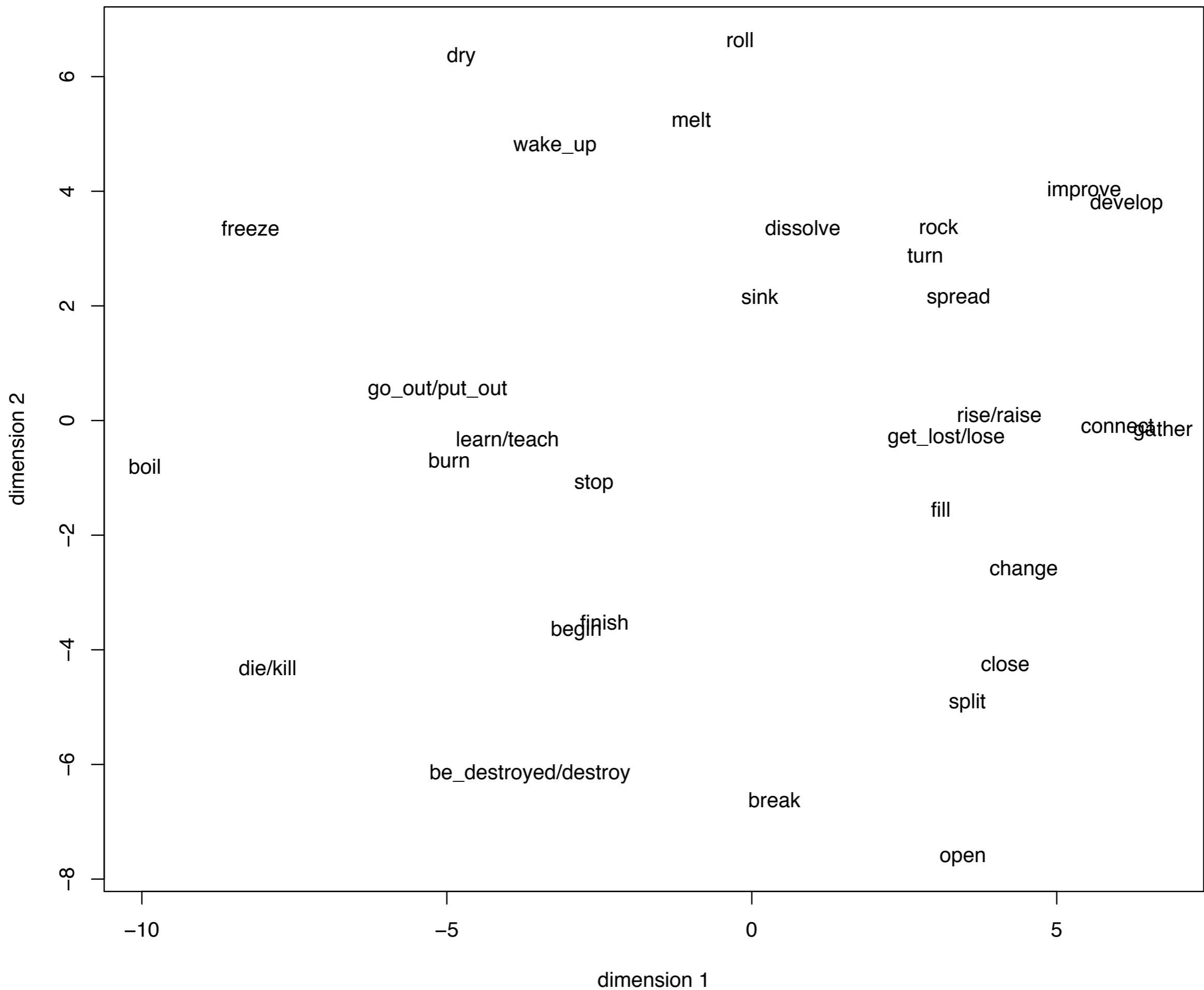
	total	A	C	E	L	S	A/C
18. 'boil'	21	0.5	11.5	3	6	0	0.04
25. 'freeze'	21	2	12	3	4	0	0.17
29. 'dry'	20	3	10	4	3	0	0.30
1. 'wake up'	21	3	9	6	2	1	0.33
20. 'go out/put out'	21	3	7.5	5.5	3	2	0.41
11. 'sink'	21	4	9.5	5.5	1.5	0.5	0.42
8. 'learn/teach'	21	3.5	7.5	6	2	3	0.47
13. 'melt'	21	5	10.5	3	2.5	0	0.48
31. 'stop'	21	5.5	9	3.5	3	0	0.61
23. 'turn'	21	8	7.5	4	1.5	0	1.07
26. 'dissolve'	21	10.5	7.5	2	1	0	1.40
3. 'burn'	21	7	5	2	5	2	1.40
14. 'destroy'	20	8.5	5.5	5	1	0	1.55
27. 'fill'	21	8	5	5	3	0	1.60
22. 'finish'	21	7.5	4.5	5	4	0	1.67
7. 'begin'	19	5	3	3	8	0	1.67
10. 'spread'	21	11	6	3	1	0	1.83
24. 'roll'	21	8.5	4.5	5	3	0	1.89
16. 'develop'	21	10	5	5	1	0	2.00
15. 'get lost/lose'	21	11.5	4.5	4.5	0	0.5	2.56
21. 'rise/raise'	21	12	4.5	3.5	0	1	2.67
28. 'improve'	21	8.5	3	8	1.5	0	2.67
19. 'rock'	21	12	4	3.5	1.5	0	3.00
17. 'connect'	21	15	2.5	1.5	1	1	6.00
12. 'change'	21	11	1.5	4.5	4	0	7.33
9. 'gather'	21	15	2	3	1	0	7.50
5. 'open'	21	13	1.5	4	2.5	0	8.67
2. 'break'	21	12.5	1	4	3.5	0	12.50
6. 'close'	21	15.5	1	2.5	2	0	15.50
30. 'split'	20	11.5	0.5	5	3	0	23.00
4. 'die/kill'	21	0	3	1	1	16	—
total	636	243	164.5	128.5	69	31	

(Source: Haspelmath 1993)

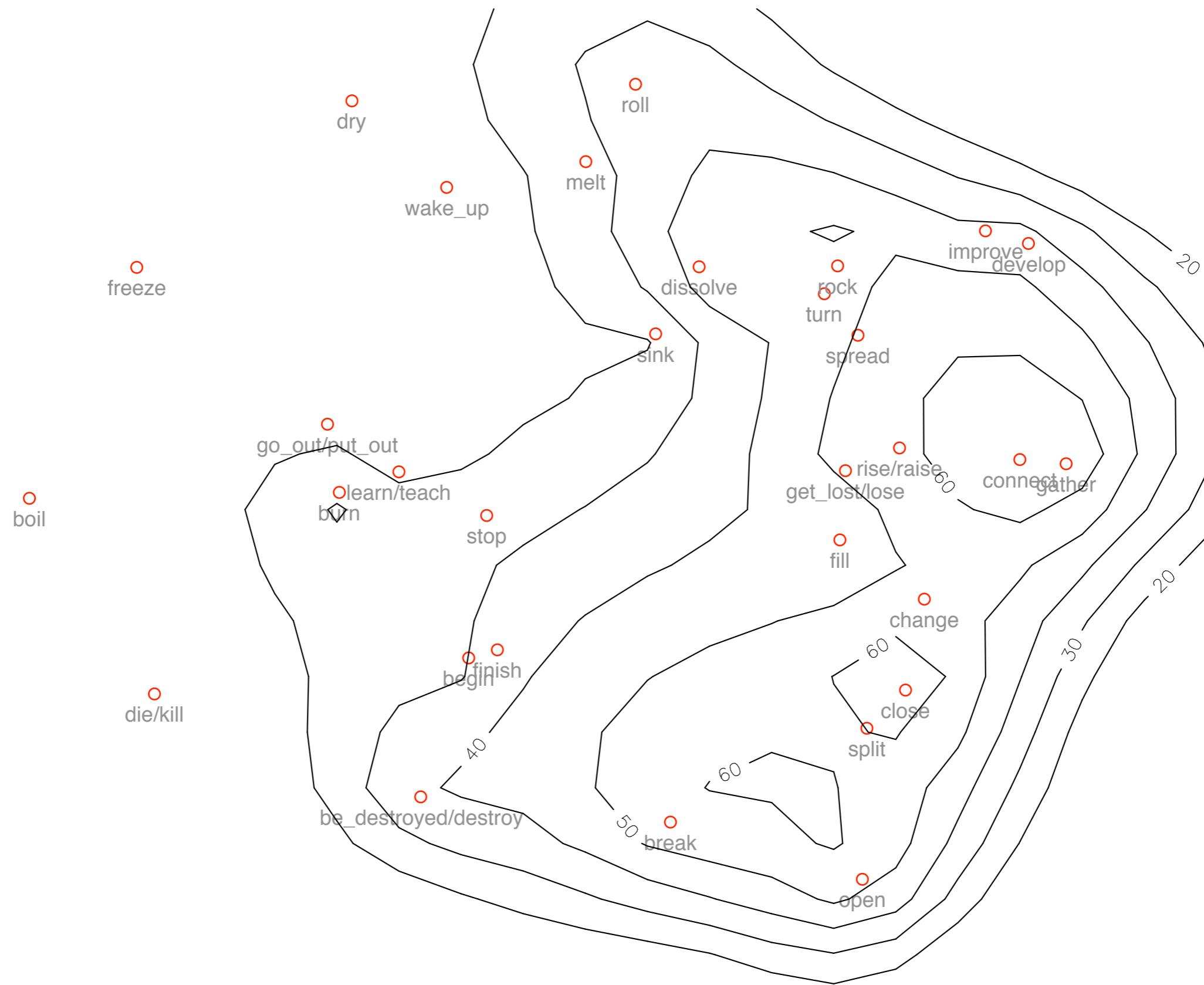


Radical relativistic approach: only accept language internal grouping

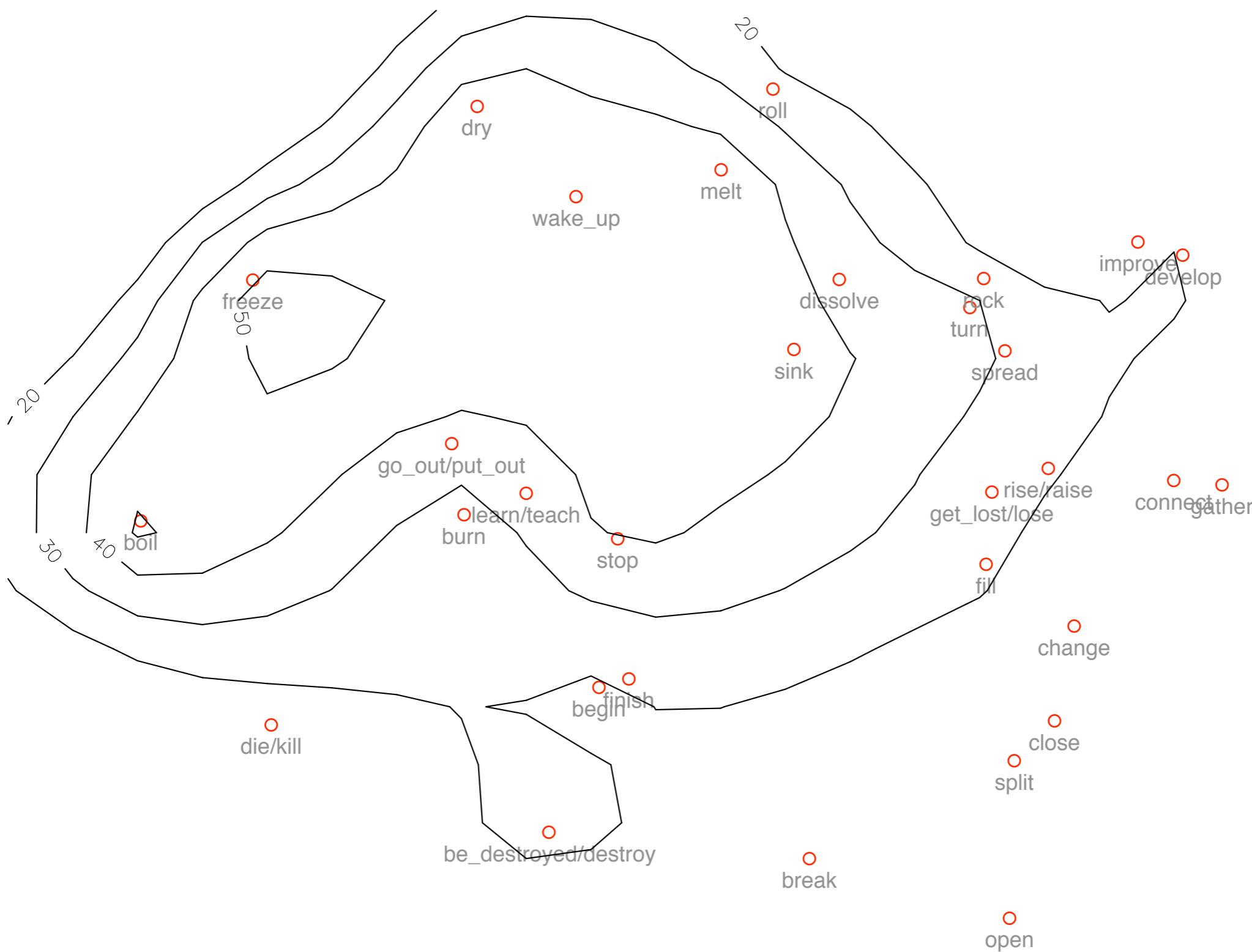
wake up	0	17	16	20	17	16	19	15	17	12	16	17	13	18	18	16	17	16	14	13	14	16	15	11	13	15	13	16	12		
break	17	0	13	19	10	12	16	19	14	15	15	13	15	13	18	16	16	15	17	13	16	14	14	16	18	14	14	16	17	7	13
burn	16	13	0	20	16	17	16	18	16	16	18	16	15	19	19	19	17	15	14	17	16	15	17	14	15	15	19	19	14	14	15
die/kill	20	19	20	0	21	21	21	21	21	20	21	21	21	18	21	21	21	20	18	21	19	20	20	20	21	19	20	20	21	20	20
open	17	10	16	21	0	10	16	18	12	14	16	13	16	15	16	16	15	19	14	17	14	13	15	18	19	15	11	16	19	10	14
close	16	12	17	21	10	0	13	16	11	15	17	13	15	17	15	14	11	19	12	16	14	13	12	15	18	13	14	14	19	12	15
begin	19	16	16	21	16	13	0	14	15	16	18	14	16	18	19	17	17	15	15	18	18	11	16	16	16	18	18	17	15		
learn/teach	15	19	18	21	18	16	14	0	17	16	18	16	17	16	18	18	18	17	14	18	16	14	15	15	16	16	17	19	19	19	13
gather	17	14	16	21	12	11	15	17	0	11	15	11	14	18	16	10	9	20	9	17	10	14	12	12	19	12	14	12	17	12	16
spread	12	15	16	21	14	15	16	16	11	0	14	13	10	15	13	14	10	19	12	17	11	14	11	14	17	8	10	13	15	14	13
sink	16	15	18	20	16	17	18	18	15	14	0	17	14	17	16	15	16	18	13	16	18	17	13	16	18	13	16	14	16	16	16
change	17	13	16	21	13	13	14	16	11	13	17	0	16	17	16	12	11	19	12	18	13	13	13	15	17	14	12	13	17	12	16
melt	13	15	15	21	16	15	16	17	14	10	14	16	0	17	16	16	15	16	11	16	16	16	12	9	15	10	14	14	12	15	15
be destroyed/destroy	18	13	19	18	15	17	18	16	18	15	17	17	17	0	19	20	17	18	18	17	19	17	16	18	18	15	16	19	19	16	16
get lost/lose	18	18	19	21	16	15	19	18	16	13	16	16	16	19	0	16	15	21	17	17	15	18	15	18	19	15	14	16	19	17	15
develop	16	16	19	21	16	14	17	18	10	14	15	12	16	20	16	0	11	20	11	18	14	16	10	12	18	13	14	8	16	15	15
connect	17	15	17	20	15	11	17	18	9	10	16	11	15	17	15	11	0	19	12	18	11	17	11	15	19	12	13	14	16	13	15
boil	16	17	15	18	19	19	15	17	20	19	18	19	16	18	21	20	19	0	18	17	20	16	18	17	16	15	18	20	16	18	16
rock	14	13	14	21	14	12	15	14	9	12	13	12	11	18	17	11	12	18	0	17	12	16	10	8	15	11	14	12	15	13	14
go out/put out	13	16	17	19	17	16	18	18	17	17	16	18	16	17	17	18	18	17	17	0	16	15	15	18	14	14	15	17	14	17	15
rise/raise	14	16	16	20	14	14	18	16	10	11	18	13	16	19	15	14	11	20	12	16	0	14	14	16	18	13	14	14	16	13	15
finish	16	14	15	20	13	13	11	14	14	14	17	13	16	17	18	16	17	16	16	15	14	0	17	16	16	14	15	15	16	13	
turn	12	14	17	20	15	12	16	15	12	11	13	13	12	16	15	10	11	18	10	15	14	17	0	12	15	9	9	12	16	13	11
roll	15	16	14	21	18	15	16	15	12	14	16	15	9	18	18	12	15	17	8	18	16	16	12	0	14	12	17	12	14	17	16
freeze	15	18	15	19	19	18	16	16	19	17	18	17	15	18	19	18	19	16	15	14	18	16	15	14	0	17	17	19	13	19	14
dissolve	11	14	15	20	15	13	16	16	12	8	13	14	10	15	15	13	12	15	11	14	13	14	9	12	17	0	11	13	12	14	15
fill	13	14	19	20	11	14	16	17	14	10	16	12	14	16	14	14	13	18	14	15	14	15	9	17	17	11	0	13	17	12	14
improve	15	16	19	21	16	14	18	19	12	13	14	13	14	19	16	8	14	20	12	17	14	15	12	12	19	13	13	0	15	14	16
dry	13	17	14	20	19	19	18	19	17	15	16	17	12	19	19	16	16	16	15	14	16	15	16	14	13	12	17	15	0	16	17
split	16	7	14	20	10	12	17	19	12	14	16	12	15	16	17	15	13	18	13	17	13	16	13	17	19	14	12	14	16	0	16
stop	12	13	15	20	14	15	15	13	16	13	16	16	15	16	15	15	15	16	14	15	13	11	16	14	15	14	16	17	16	0	



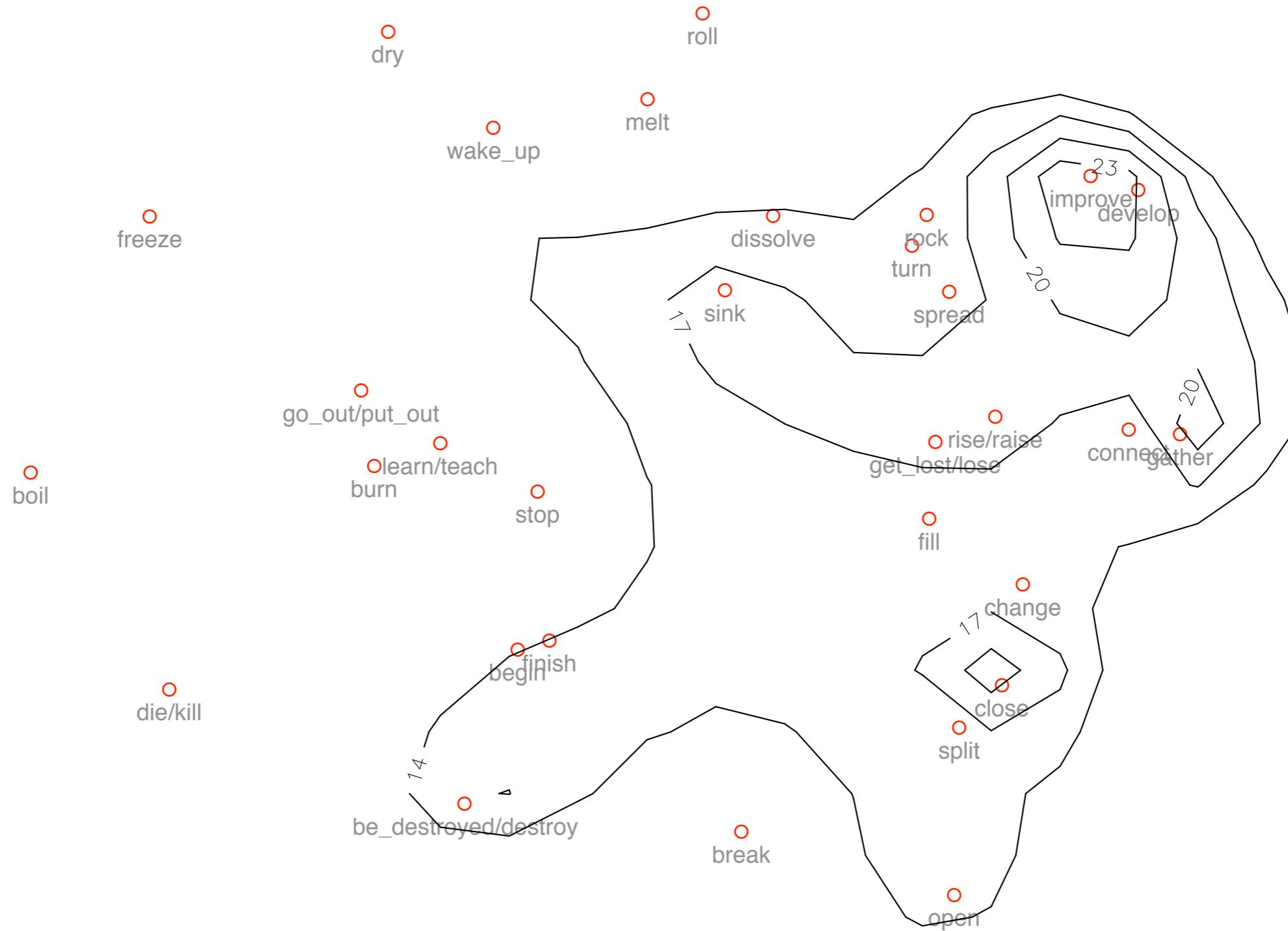
Anticausative



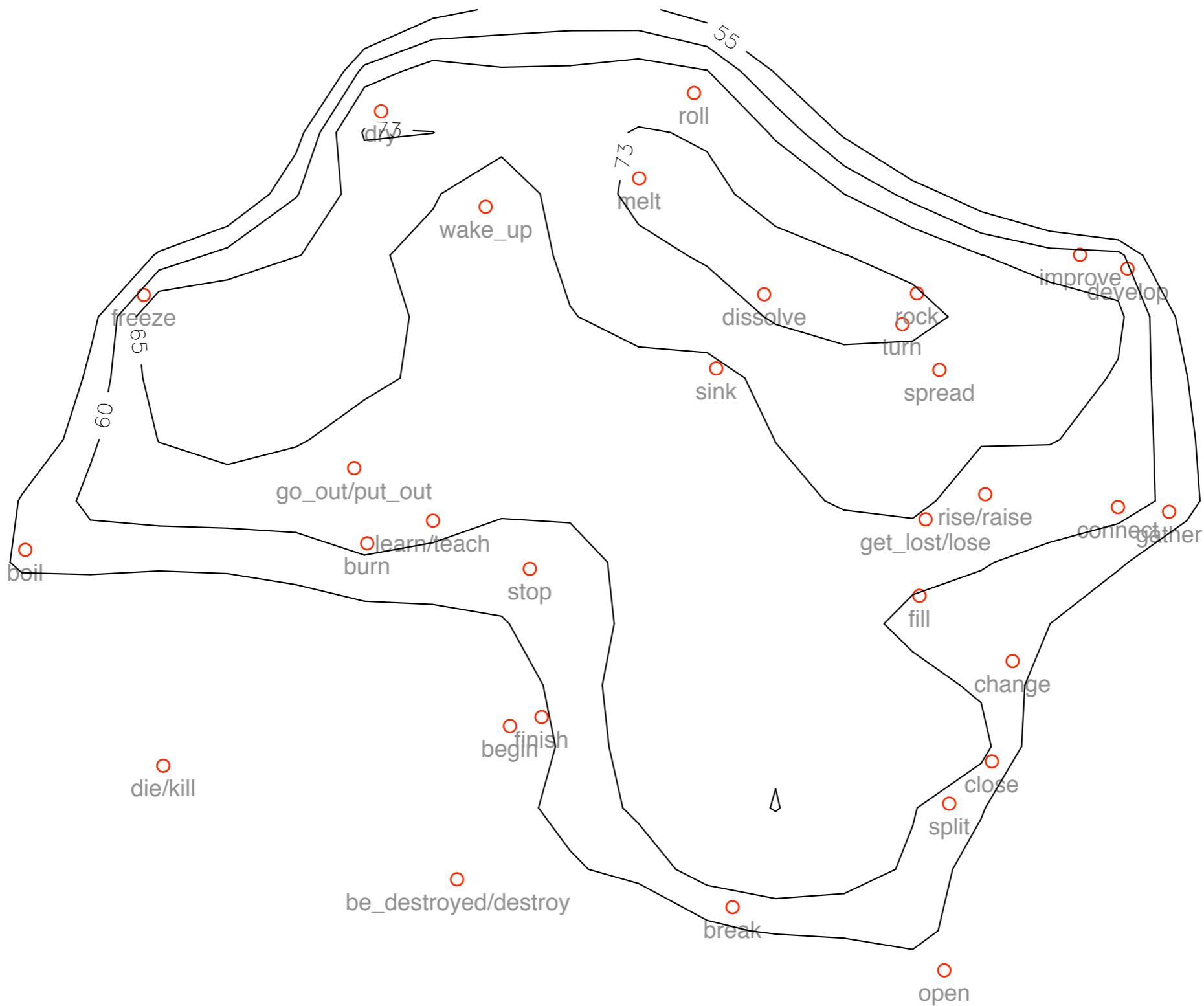
Causative



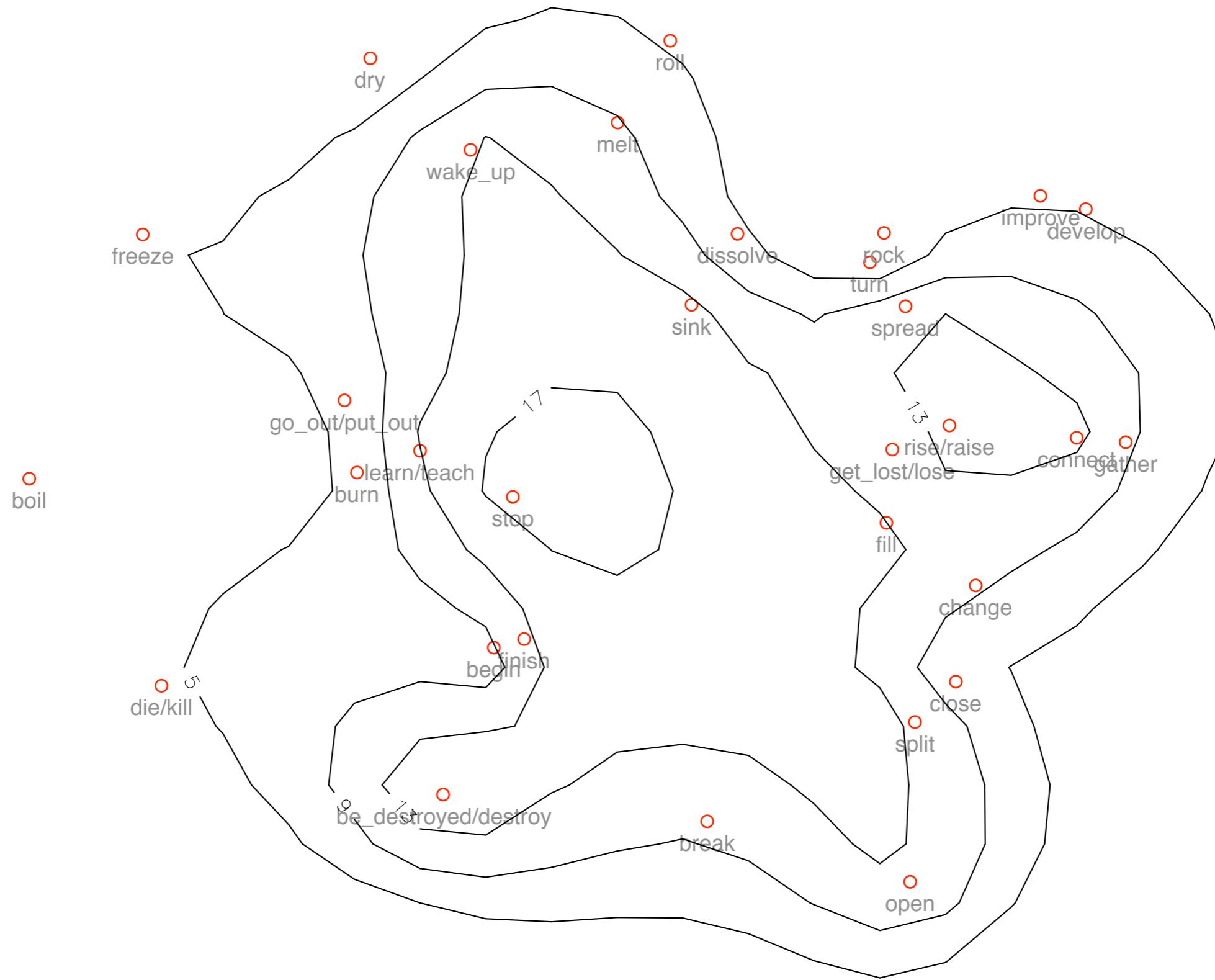
Isolation



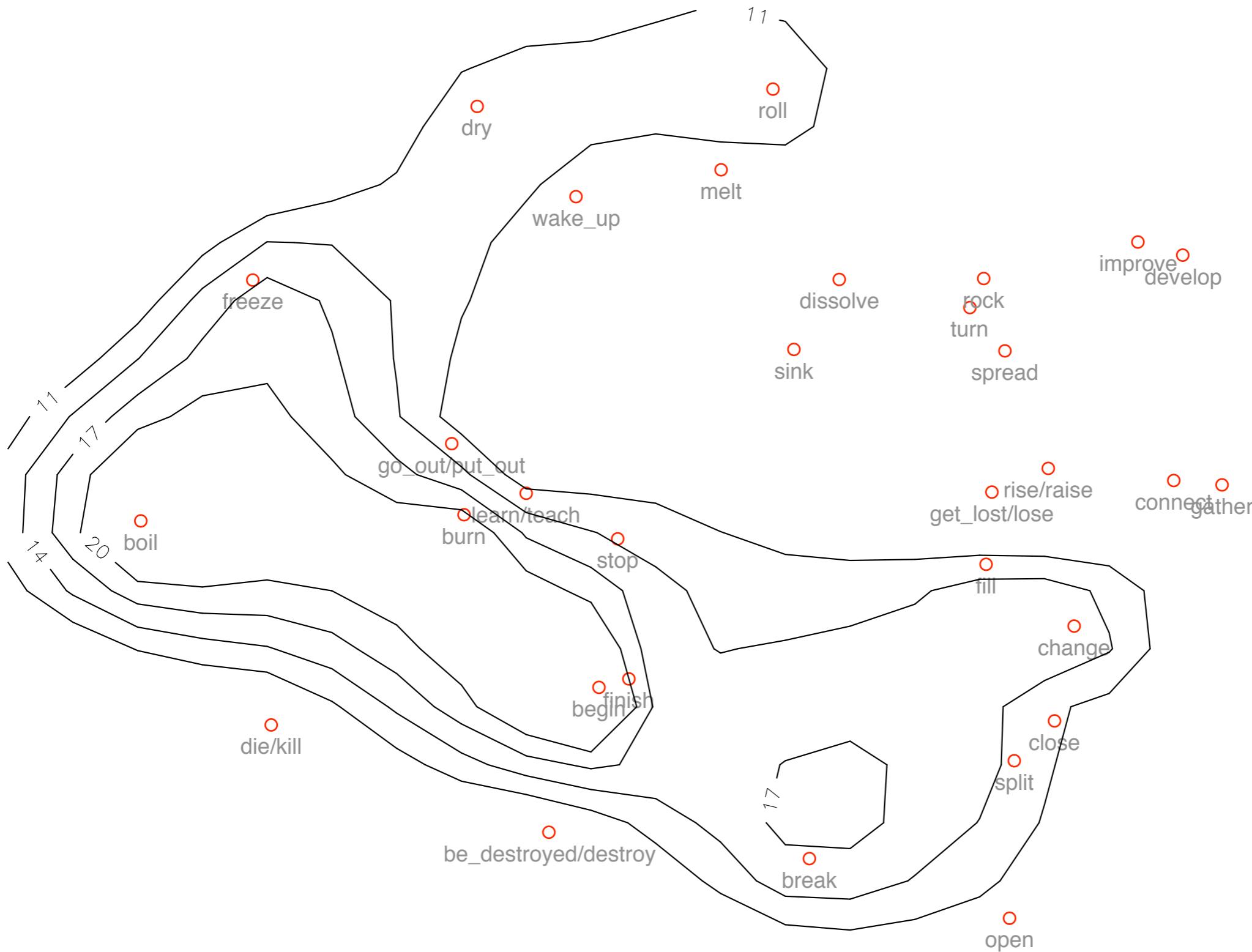
Concatenative



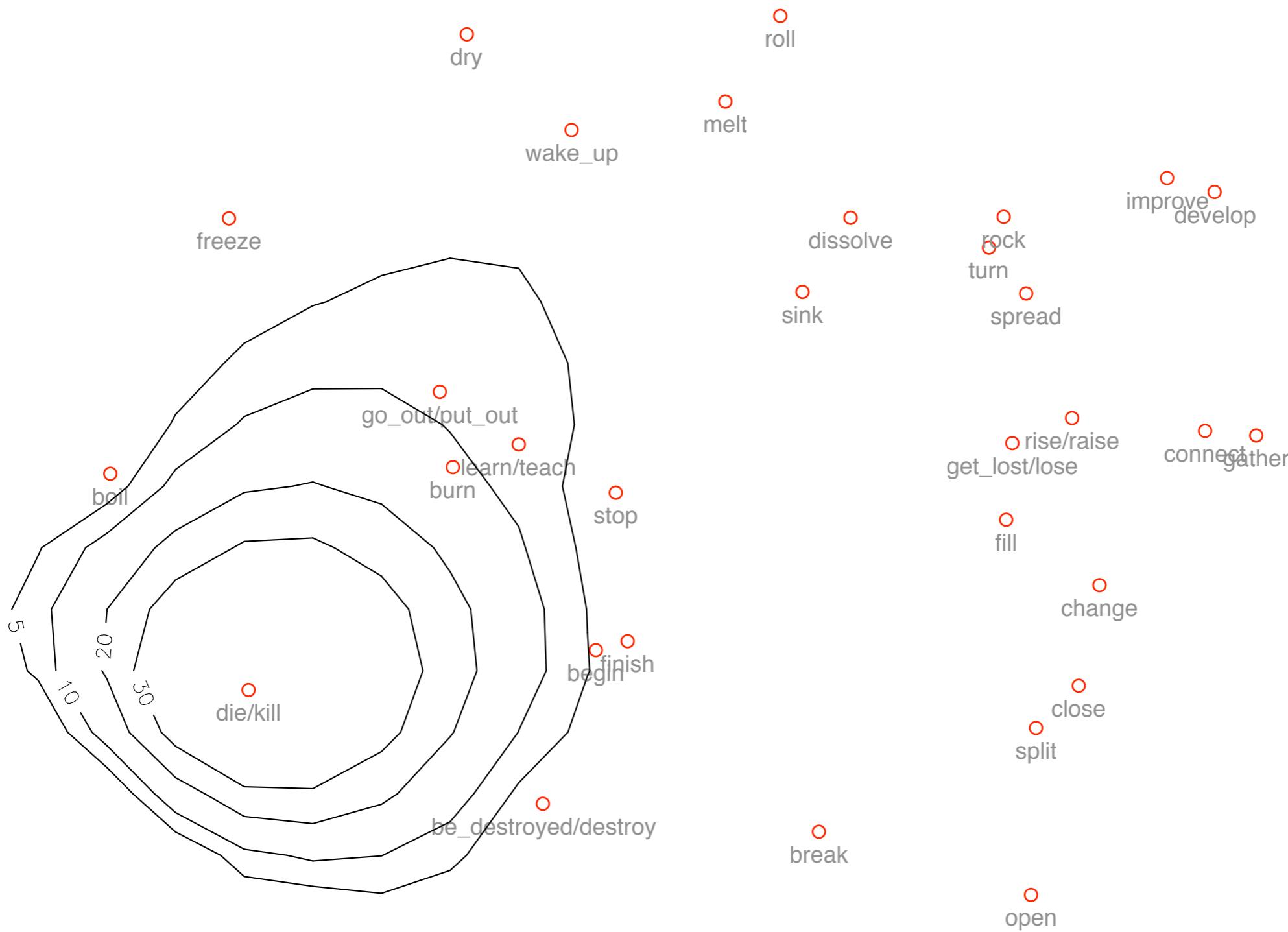
Nonlinear

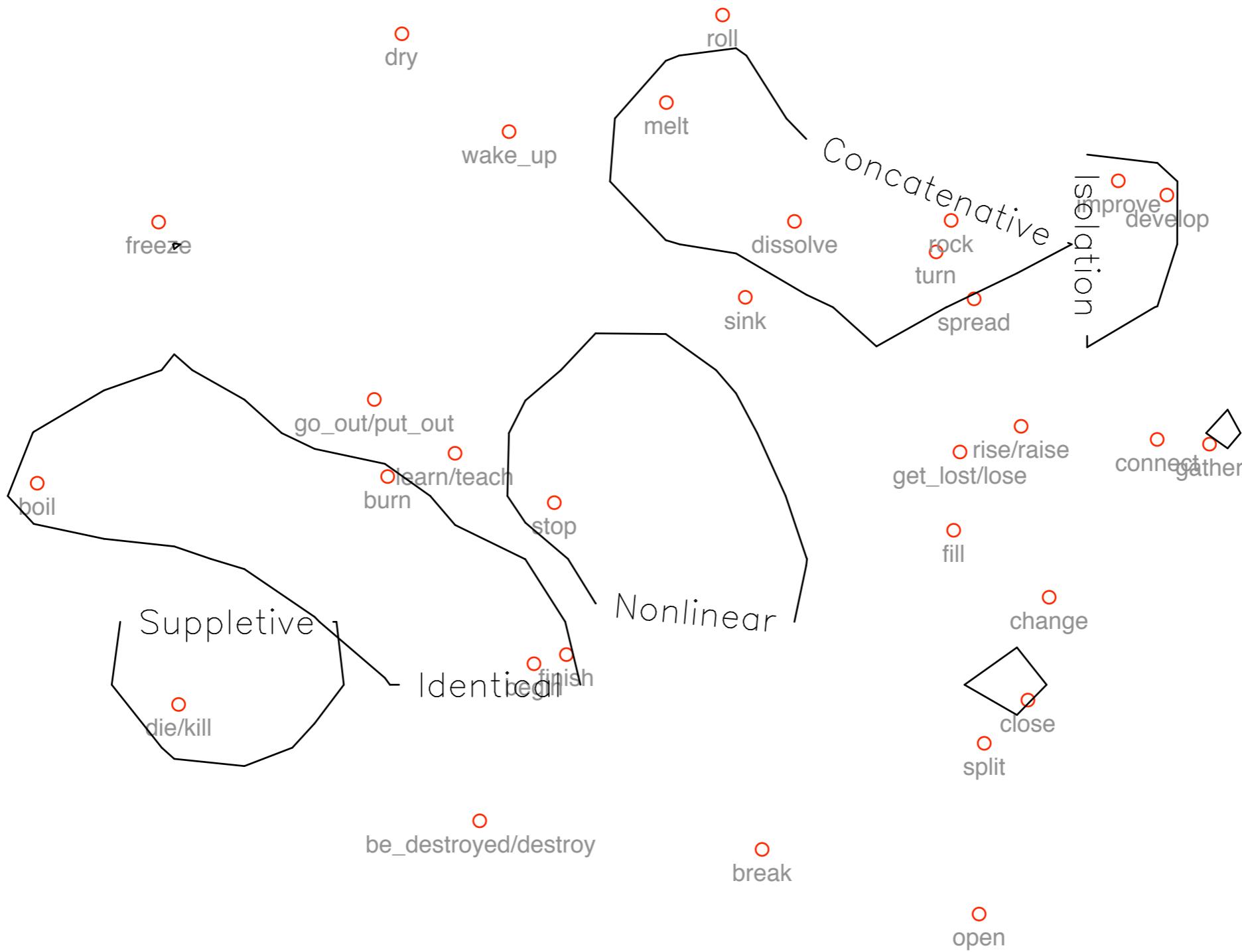


Identical



Suppletive





Grammaticalization?

- isolating > concatenative > non-linear > zero
- but: place of suppletion?
- but: not necessarily grammaticalization of construction, but spread of construction
- but: verb hierarchy?



improve, rock, spread, stop, begin, finish,
develop turn, dissolve learn/teach burn, boil

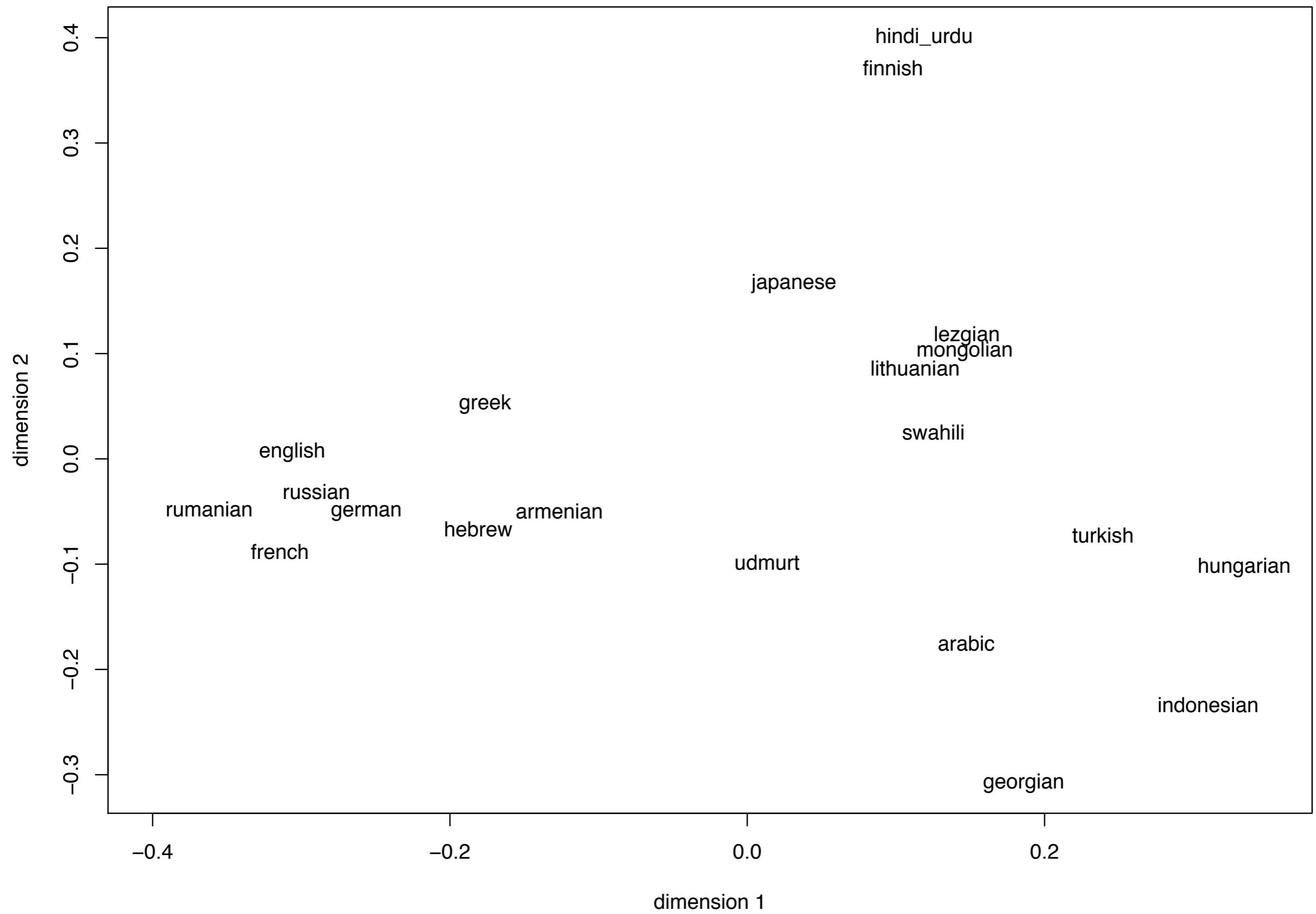
Table 3. *Expression types by language*

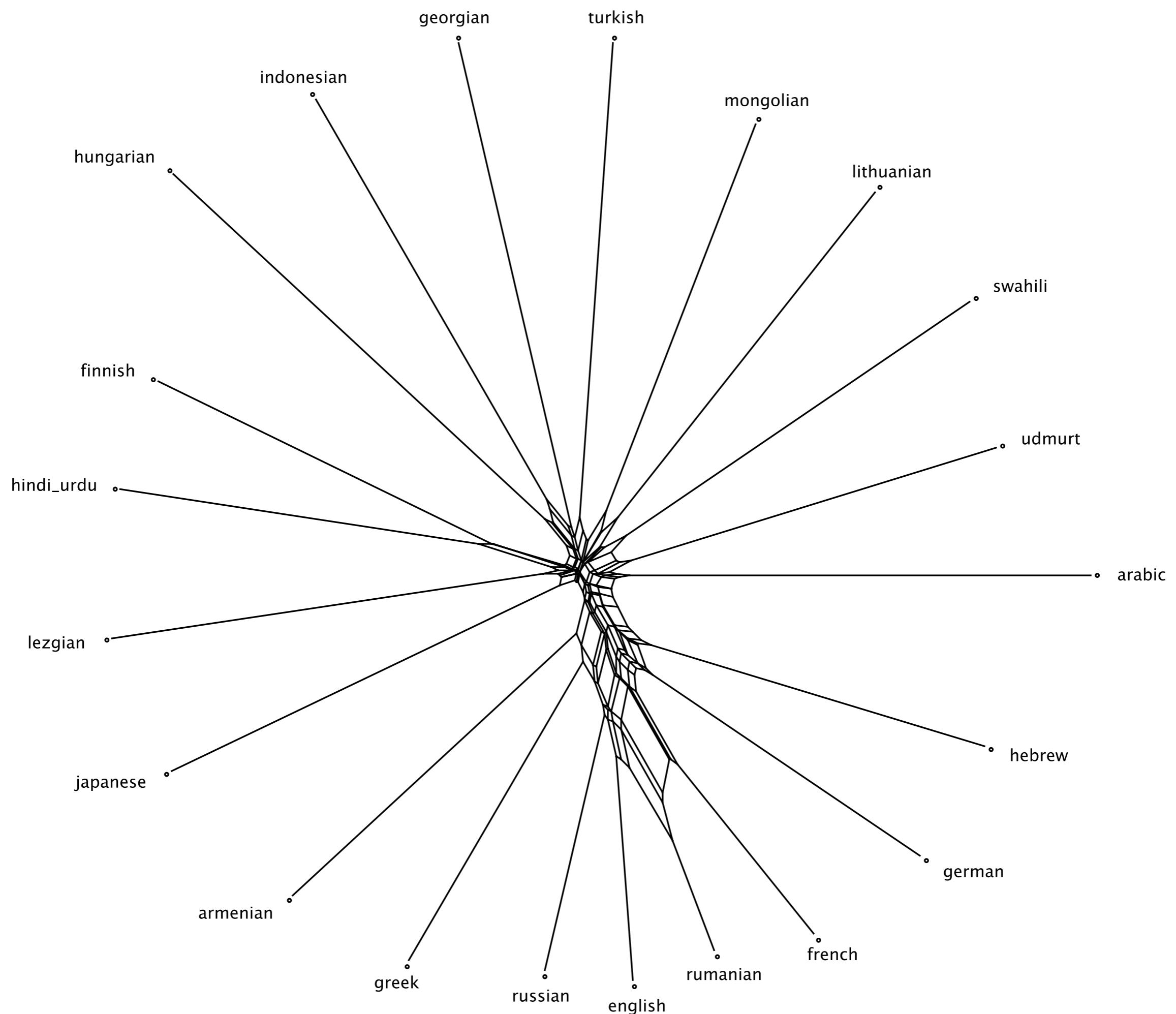
	total	A	C	E	L	S	A/C
Russian	31	23	0	5	0	3	46.00
German	31	14.5	0	4	11.5	1	29.00
Greek	31	13.5	0	0	16.5	1	27.00
Rumanian	30	24	1	0	3	2	24.00
French	31	20.5	2	0	7.5	1	10.25
Lithuanian	31	17.5	6	6	0.5	1	2.92
Hebrew	31	20.5	7.5	2	1	0	2.73
Arabic	31	17	8.5	3	1	1.5	2.00
Georgian	31	9	4.5	15.5	0	2	2.00
Armenian	31	16	8.5	5.5	0	1	1.88
Swahili	31	11	11	8	0	1	1.00
Finnish	28	12	13.5	0.5	0.5	1.5	0.88
Udmurt	31	10.5	12.5	4.5	2.5	1	0.84
Hungarian	31	7	9	12	0	3	0.78
Lezgian	31	8	12	6	5	0	0.66
Hindi-Urdu	31	7.5	14	7.5	2	0	0.54
Turkish	30	9	17.5	2.5	0	1	0.51
Mongolian	31	6	22	2	0	1	0.27
Indonesian	31	0	14	17	0	0	0.04
English	31	2	0	1	25	3	
Japanese	31	3.5	5.5	20.5	0.5	1	
total	636	243	164.5	128.5	69	31	



Comparing languages without cross-linguistic equivalence?

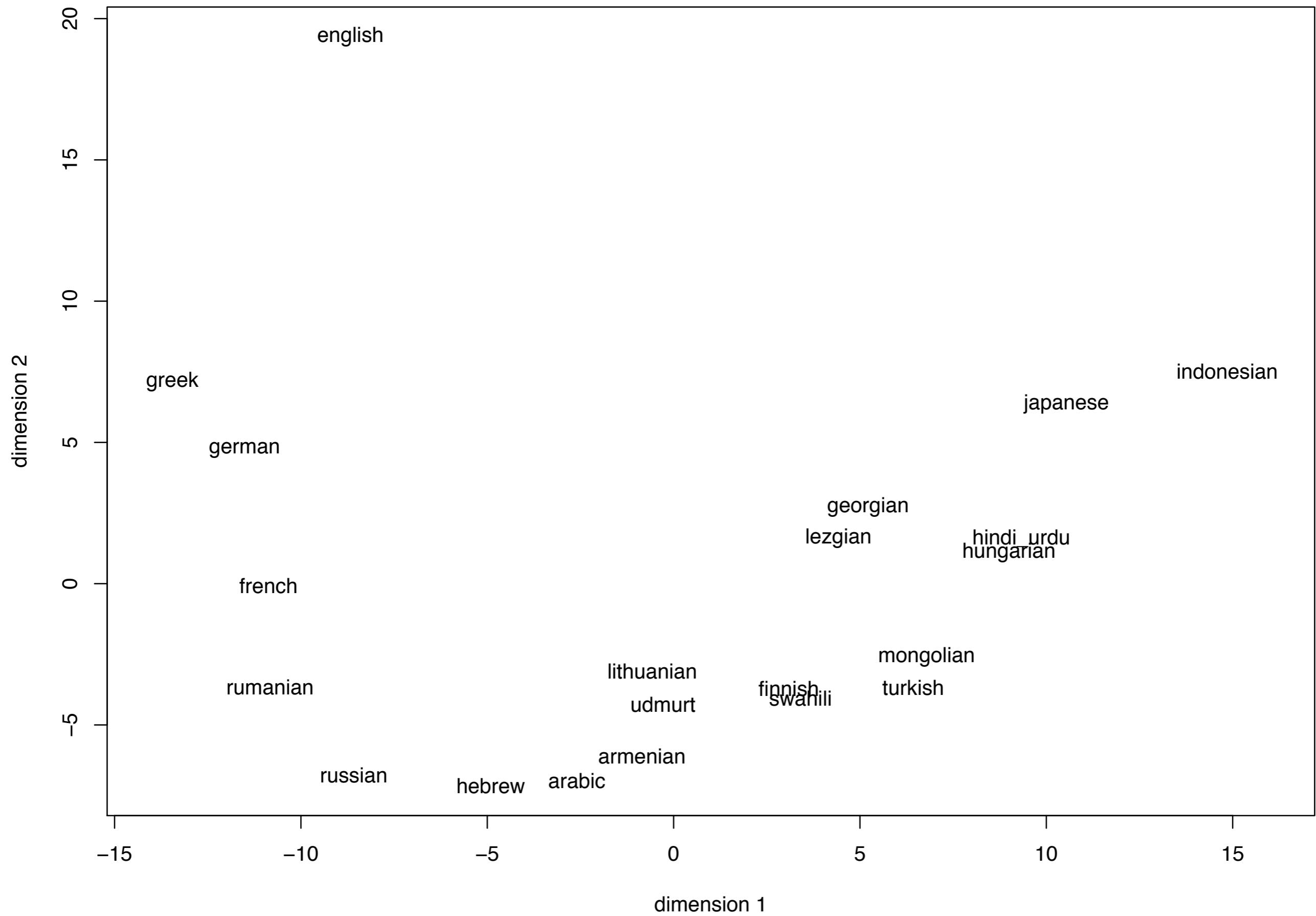
- Compare language specific categorization
- how similar are two groupings of verbs?
- e.g. *shared information metric*
- works, but shows little structure

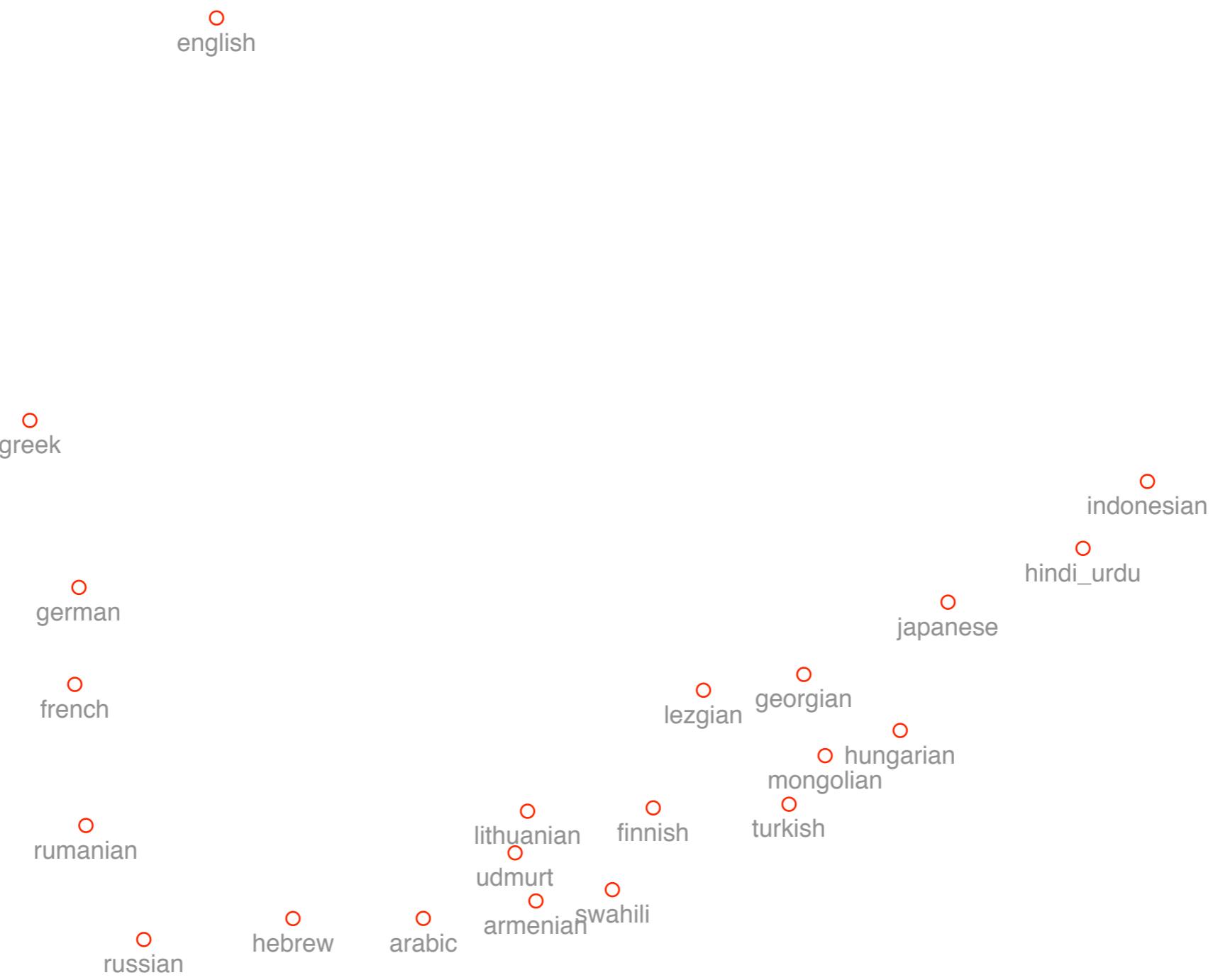




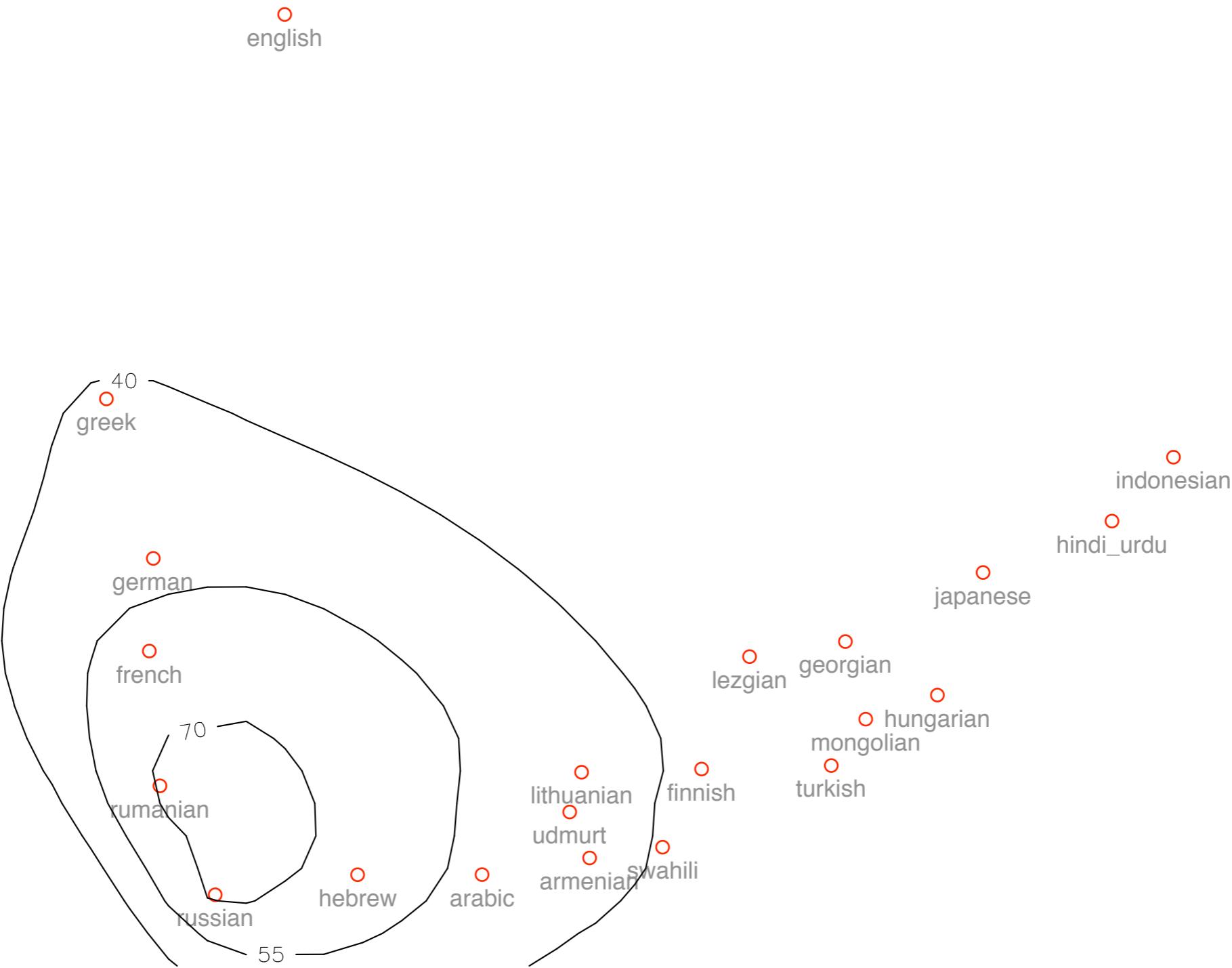
Using a bit typology ...

- Compare two languages using Haspelmath's categorization (suppletive, labile, anticausative, causative, equipollent)
- Count number of verbs with different categories in both languages
- This is a typological distance

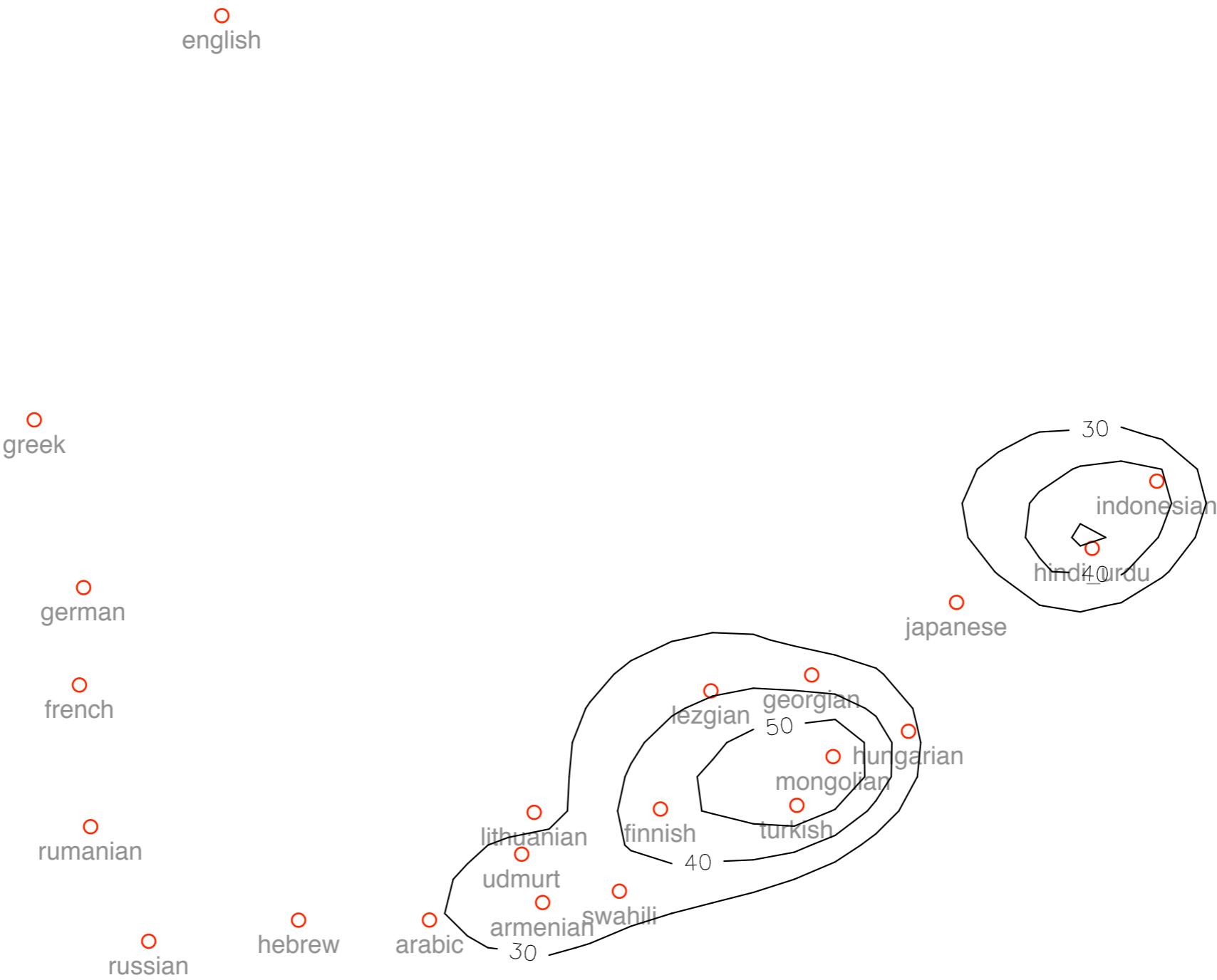




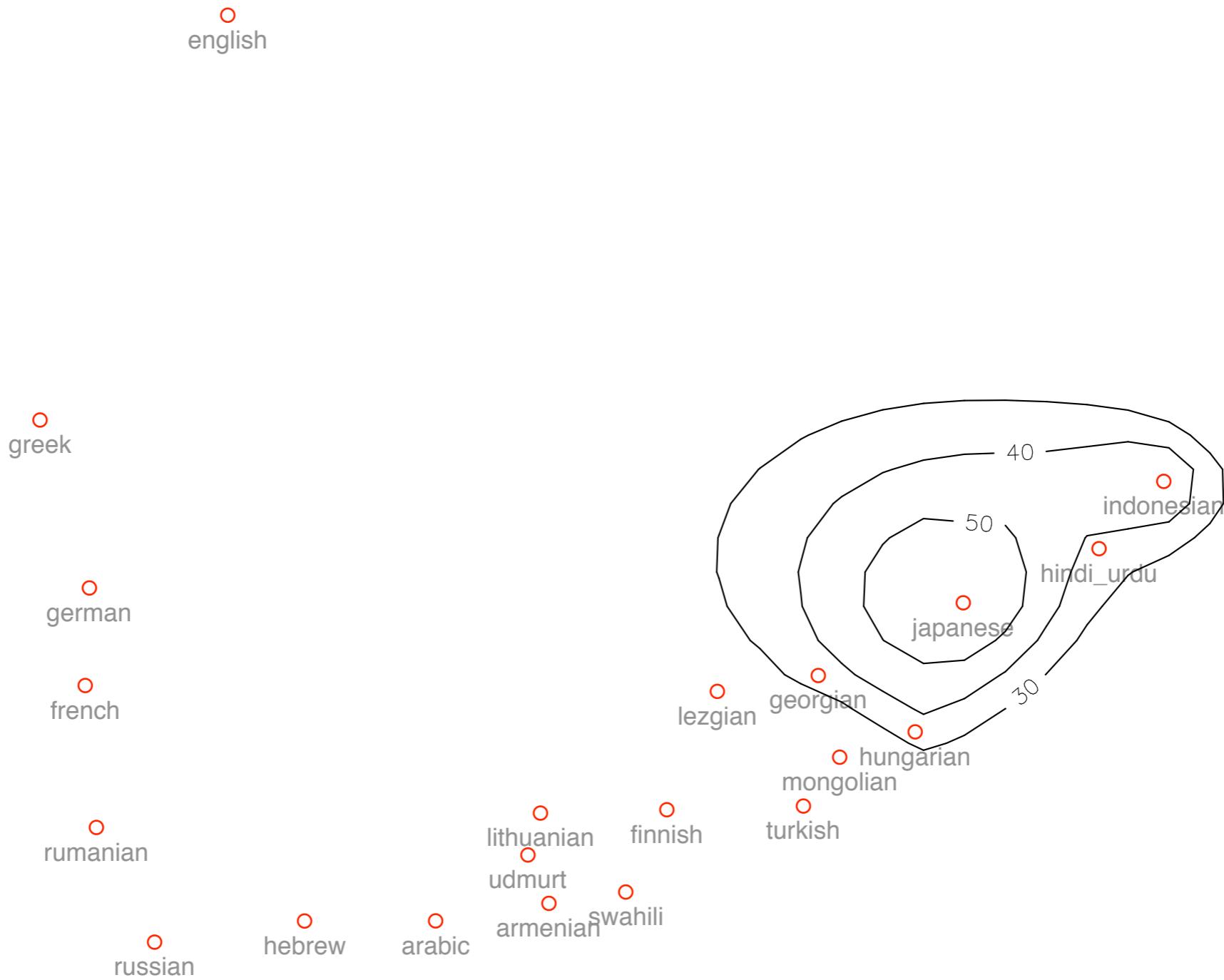
Anticausative



Causative



Equipollent

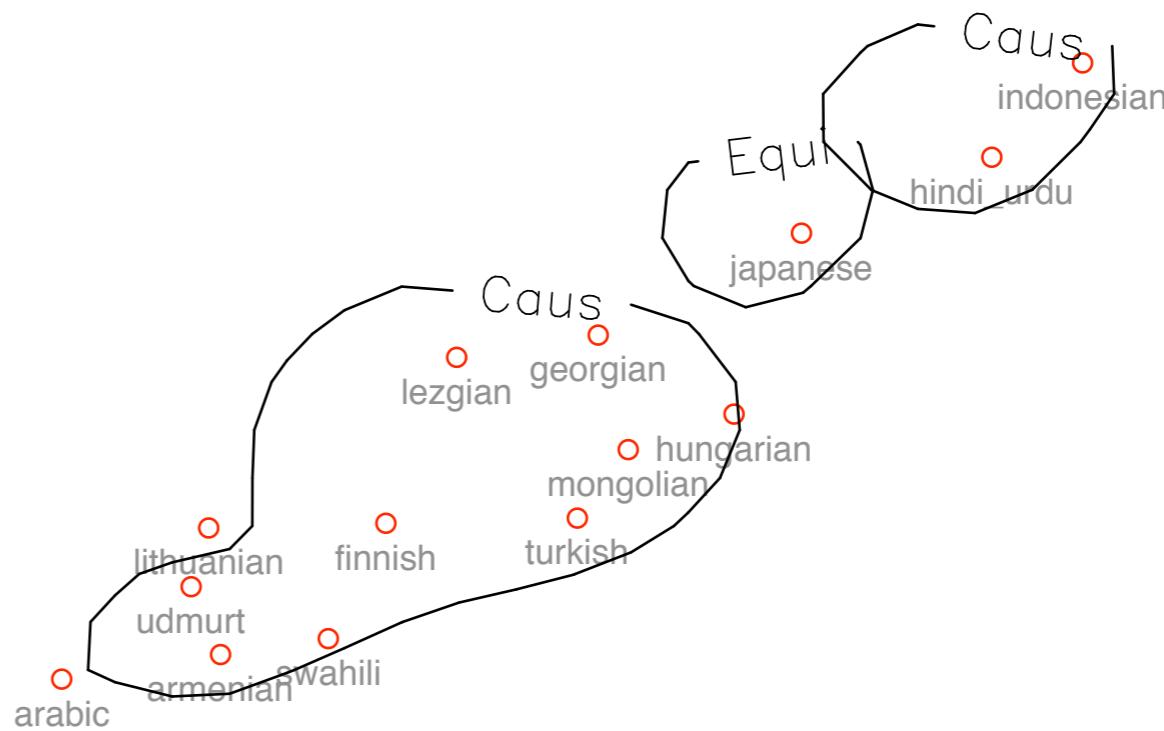
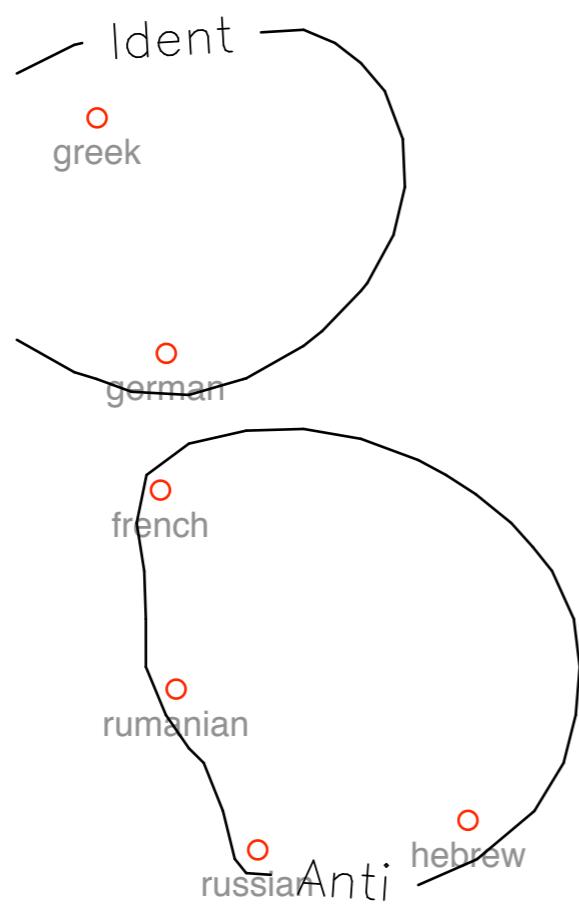
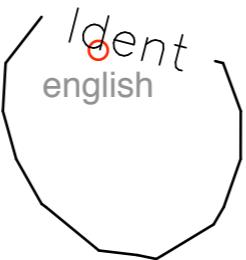


Identical



Suppletive





Language preferences

- Labile closely linked to Anticausative
- Equipollent closely linked to Causative
- Developmental preference hierarchy:

Labile - Anticausative - Causative - Equipollent